## **Logistic OS Journal**

Analytical review of the export market of the agro-industrial complex: July - June 2022/23

# Brazil

Logistic OS

Nº10 November 2023

**MU** 

Export of grains and legumes: statistics on volumes





SANTOS	(32,65%) <b>45 276 419,94</b>
ITAQUI	(13,24%) 18 356 337,70
e Paranagua	(12,10%) <b>16 779 717,27</b>
BARCARENA	(9,08%) 12 583 684,87
RIO GRANDE	(8,28%) 11 475 017,83
SANTAREM	(5,24%) <b>7 267 253,83</b>
SAO FRANCISCO DO SUL	(4,77%) 6 612 542,00
VILA DO CONDE	(4,57%) 6 333 419,00
ITACOATIARA	(3,78%) <b>5 245 132,85</b>
E TUBARAO	(2,99%) <b>4 148 603,00</b>
🛑 ARATU	(2,90%) <b>4 019 012,04</b>
SANTANA	(0,40%) 554 680,33

From 07/01/2022 to 05/31/2023 via ports Brazil exported **140 253.3 thousand tons** of grain and leguminous cargo.

58.7% of the total export volume was soybeans – **82 345 thousand tons.** 

The largest part of grain shipments went through the largest port in Latin America - **the port of Santos**.

#### During the 2022/2023 season,

**45 276 thousand tons** of soybeans, corn, grains and rice were shipped abroad through the port terminals.

Also included in the **TOP 5** are the following ports:

Itaqui – 18 356.3 thousand tons Paranagua – 16 779.6 thousand tons Barcarena – 12 583.6 thousand tons Rio Grande – 11 475 thousand tons

\*The data given in the article are aggregated on the basis of analytical processing of independent sources of information based on the operational situation in ports in Russia and the world, and can not be used as official confirmed data.

Logistic OS is not responsible for any use of the aggregated data as official information.

Logistic OS uses algorithms to collect and analyze information, which allow forming the most timely and approximate real-time information

base on the movement of goods of the major exporting countries

### **Export of grains and legumes:** cargo statistics

#### Santos

Soybean - 28 508.4 thousand tons Corn – 16 250.5 thousand tons Grains – 514.4 thousand tons **Rice** – 2.9 thousand tons

#### Itaqui

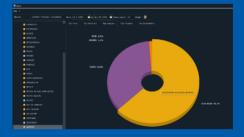
Soybeans – 11 421.5 thousand tons Corn – 6 881.8 thousand tons Grains – 53 thousand tons

#### Paranagua

Soybean – 11 208.5 thousand tons Corn – 5 466.2 thousand tons Durum wheat – 99.9 thousand tons

#### **Barcarena**

Soybeans – 6 712.2 thousand tons Corn – 5 421.4 thousand tons Grains – 450 thousand tons









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Export of cereals and legumes: statistics on importing countries

The main country where grain and leguminous cargo is supplied from Brazil - **China** (56.8% of the total).

During the 2022/23 season, the country received **62 394.6 thousand tons** of grain and leguminous cargo from Brazil

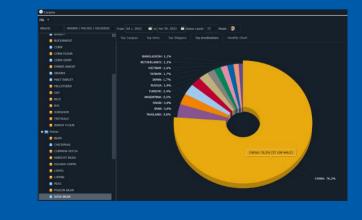
Brazil also exported grains and legumes to Iran, Spain, Japan, South Korea, Vietnam, Mexico, Thailand, Colombia, Taiwan, Egypt, Turkey, the Netherlands, etc.

Among the buyers of Brazilian soybeans, **China** is the leader, purchasing **57 109.4 thousand tons.** 

Thailand comes next – 2 814.6 thousand tons
Iran – 2 249.5 thousand tons
Spain – 2 243.4 thousand tons
Argentina – 1 909.9 thousand tons



E CHINA	(56,76%) <b>62 394 651,50</b>
IRAN	(6,65%) <b>7 306 958,89</b>
📒 JAPAN	(6,42%) <b>7 054 320,00</b>
SPAIN	(6,39%) <b>7 025 496,00</b>
MEXICO	(3,47%) <b>3 810 315,00</b>
VIETNAM	(3,32%) 3 652 154,00
SOUTH KOREA	(3,28%) 3 601 152,21
THAILAND	(3,06%) 3 361 084,62
COLOMBIA	(2,96%) 3 252 766,00
TAIWAN	(2,96%) 3 248 734,00
EGYPT	(2,39%) 2 628 881,42
NETHERLANDS	(2,37%) <b>2 600 310,00</b>



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For seven months of 2023, the largest grain supplier to Brazil became Argentina, which exported 2 million tons worth \$736.3 million.

Paraguay took second place – 886 thousand tons and \$290 million.

At the same time, both Argentina and Paraguay in 2023 year, supplies to the country decreased by two and one and a half times respectively (compared to the same period 2022).

Uruguay, which took third place in the TOP-5 exporting countries grain to Brazil, shipping 544 thousand tons by \$211 million, increased supplies by 1.9 times compared to 2022. Russia from January to July 2023 shipped 380 thousand tons to Brazi Igrains worth \$108.5 million, taking 4th place in the ranking of exporters.

During the same period in 2022 Brazil did not purchase grain from Russia, and in 2023 Russia exported to Brazil only wheat and meslin.

Since 2010, Brazil has imported grain from Russia in 2010, 2013, 2014 and 2019.

The largest grain supplies Russia conducted in 2010, total the volume of which amounted to \$5.6 million, which speaks of an increase in grain supplies from Russia to Brazil 20 times.

